Port of Bergen - Presentation for Alianza Net-Zero Mar e EALING, 29/11-23

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NO GRANDO NAVO

Utslipp gjør at NHO vil kutte kraftig i cruisetrafikken

Cruiseturister legger igjen minst penger på land i Norge og slipper ut mest CO2, kommer det frem i en ny rapport. Nå vil NHO gjøre kraftige cruise-kutt.



UTSLIPP: NHO Reisellv enske å kutte i cruisetrafikken etter ny rapport om utslipp knyttet till forbruk. FOTO: BJØRN ERIK LARSEN (ARKIV)



NATUR OG MILJØ REISELIV AURLAND NYHENDE

Strengare krav gir færre cruiseanløp



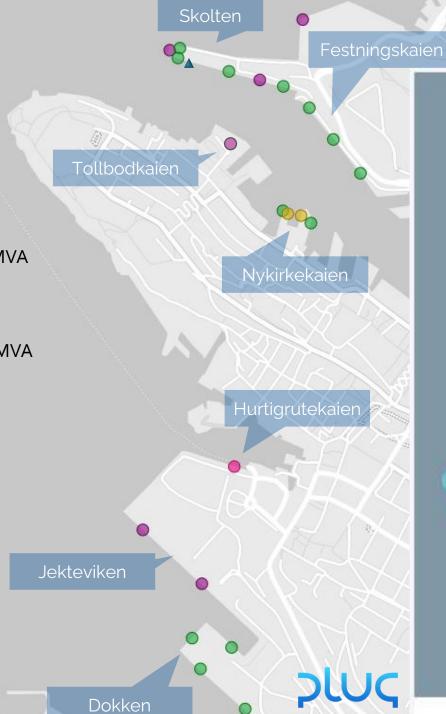
NYE KRAV: - Me kan risikera færre cruiseanløp, men me må få ned ureininga, seier Noralv Distad. (Arkivfoto)





Shore power at Port of Bergen

- Offshore / low voltage (IEC 80005-3), 5,6 MVA
- Coastal Express / low voltage (not standard), 1,6 MVA
- Cruise / high voltage (IEC 80005-1) 48,0 MVA
- Small cruiseships / low voltage (IEC 80005-3), 1,6 MVA
- Research vessels / low voltage (not standard)



Plug facilitates zero-emission ports



Our onshore power facilities work to provide clean energy for ecofriendly vessel traffic



The main challenges



GRID CAPACITY



STANDARDISATION



KNOWLEDGE/ RESOURCES



CAPITAL/ COST





Practical experiences - Organisation



- To implement OPS is demanding for the port if you don't have the know-how
 - Need technical knowledge for planning, compilation of applications etc.
 - The marketplace concerning system acquisition is complex
 - External support for planning and operation is costly

- Our approach Plug Bergen
 - A joint venture with Eviny the energy company, through Plug AS (inc.)
 - Plug AS and Port of Bergen -> 50/50 ownership of <u>Plug Bergen</u> AS
 - Added value
 - Knowhow technical, commercial and political
 - Economy of scale
 - Energy, Equipment, Software, Operation, Invoicing



Standardisation – Different vessels, different needs

		in in					
Offshore vessels	Coastal Voyage	Cruise	Bulk	Container	Ferry	High speed pax ferries	Work-/leisure boats
IEC 80005-3	NG3-plug	IEC 80005-1	IEC 80005-3 / IEC 80005-1	IEC 80005-3 / IEC 80005-1	All kinds	CCS/MCS	CCS
Low	Low	High	Low/High	Low/high	Low/high	Low	Low
200-600 kW	800-1 200 kW + charging	2 000-12 000 kW (+ charging)	50-2 000 kW	200-4 000 kW	500-9 000 kW charging	100-10 000 kW charging	0-350 kW
60 Hz (50 Hz)	50 Hz	60 Hz/50 Hz	50 Hz/60 Hz	60 Hz/50 Hz	DC/50 Hz	DC/50 Hz	DC





Practical experiences

- 2023 season
 - 60% of individual ships have OPS interface
 - 25% of calls to Port of Bergen did connect to OPS
- Why not connecting?
 - Commissioning tests not completed
 - Energy price too high

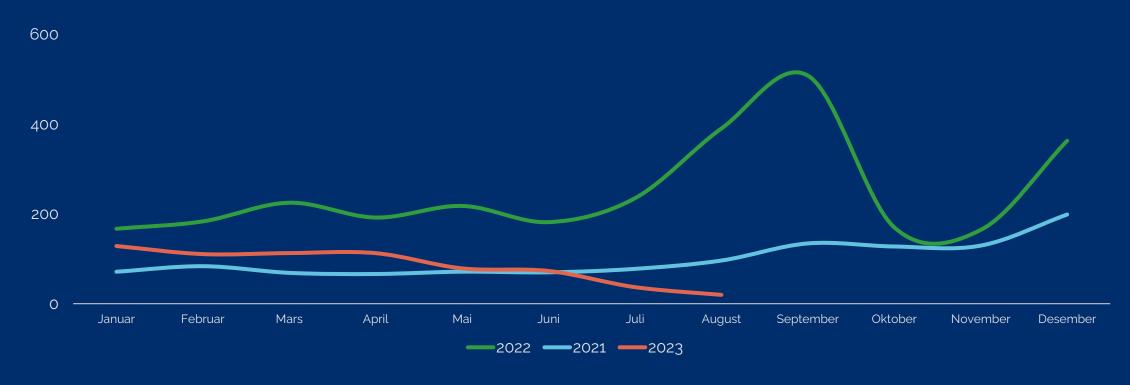
- Responsibility sharing
 - The portside is not responsible for consequences of black-out (loss of power)
 - But both parties are expected to act in a responsible way





Volatile power prices is a big challenge

Example: Plug Bergen AS (NO₅)

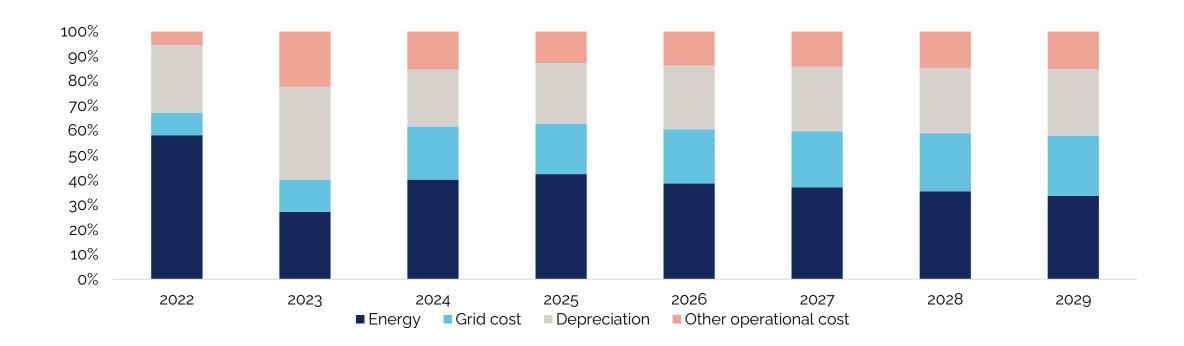






The cost is much more than the price of kWh

Cost distribution for OPS cruise in Bergen 2022-2029* (percent)









Shore power is not the only answer



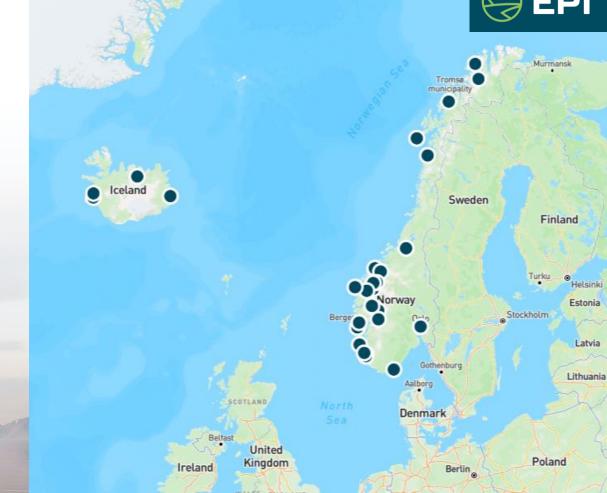




No OPS: There is anyway a large improvement potential

- Large reduction potential, even without OPS
 - Reducing energy consumption
 - Using cleaner fuels
 - Improve exhaust cleaning
 - +++
- The cruise ports in the North Atlantic collaborate and <u>invite other ports to join</u>:
 - Environmental Port Index (EPI)
 - Documentation of ship performance
 - Incentives for the good performers

Average reduction potential: 20% CO2 10.5kg SOx/hour





Thank you!

For more information concerning

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